
THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
DISTRICT OF UTAH

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

Plaintiff,

vs.

Manuel Ramblano Sanchez, Jr.; Damian
Buenrostro,

Defendants.

**MEMORANDUM DECISION AND
ORDER CONTINUING TRIAL AND
EXCLUDING TIME
UNDER THE SPEEDY TRIAL ACT**

Case No. 1:19-cr-00083-DBB

District Judge David Barlow

This Order Continuing Trial and Excluding Time Under the Speedy Trial Act is entered in response to the outbreak of the Coronavirus Disease (COVID-19) in the District of Utah.

On March 13, 2020, a National Emergency was declared in response to the nationwide outbreak, which the World Health Organization has declared a global pandemic. The court continues to monitor closely the state of the COVID-19 health crisis in Utah and around the nation. Utah and the nation remain in the midst of the most serious global pandemic in over a century. Globally, it is estimated that more than 315 million people have been infected, and over 5,500,000 have died from the disease. The Judicial Conference of the United States has found that emergency conditions due to the national COVID-19 crisis have affected and continue to materially affect the functioning of the federal courts.

The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) continues to issue guidance to combat the spread of COVID-19 and to promote the health and well-being of the nation. This guidance includes recommendations that all Americans avoid close contact with others (*i.e.*,

being within six feet), among other things. There are nationwide now over 63 million confirmed cases of Americans infected with COVID-19, and over 860,000 deaths. Utah has now confirmed more than 715,000 cases, resulting in over 28,000 hospitalizations and more than 3,900 deaths. COVID-19 test positivity rates remain above levels necessary to reduce community spread, and infection rates are climbing. Daily case counts in Utah are near or above the highest point since the pandemic began. COVID-19 test positivity rates in Utah suggest significant community spread, and infection rates are climbing rapidly in response to the new Omicron variant.

Taking into account all of the available and relevant data, including the numbers of daily new cases and hospitalizations, test positivity rates, ICU capacity in Utah hospitals, the availability of vaccines and the vaccination rates, the introduction and spread of several variants of the COVID-19 virus with unknown implications, as well as enhanced treatment capabilities for those infected with COVID-19, the court concludes the pandemic continues to present an ongoing health emergency in Utah. Additionally, the Court has issued a number of General Court Orders in response to the outbreak of COVID-19 in the District of Utah, which may be found on the Court's website at <https://www.utd.uscourts.gov/united-states-district-court-district-utah-covid-19-information-center>. Most recently, General Order 22-004 announced the return to Phase 1 of the court's reopening plan vacating jury trials scheduled prior to February 14, 2022. It also included findings and conclusions for an "ends of justice" exclusion of time through February 14, 2022 under the Speedy Trial Act.

An "ends of justice" exclusion of time under the Speedy Trial Act is disfavored and "was meant to be a rarely used tool for those cases demanding more flexible treatment."¹ However,

¹ *United States v. Toombs*, [574 F.3d 1262, 1269](#) (10th Cir. 2009).

based on the ongoing nature of the COVID-19 outbreak in the District, the effect of national and local public health recommendations and directives, and the findings and conclusions in General Orders 20-009 through 20-012, 20-017, 20-020, 20-021, 20-026, 20-028, 20-029, 20-030, 20-033, 21-001, 21-003, 21-007, 21-009, 21-012, 21-014, 21-015, and 22-004, it is necessary and appropriate to continue trial in this case and exclude time under the Speedy Trial Act until such time as the court moves to phase 2 of its reopening plan and this trial can be scheduled in the special proceedings courtroom or until conditions improve such that the courthouse can simultaneously host more than one petit jury at a time. The high number of COVID-19 cases and deaths nationally, and in Utah, demand modifications in court practices to protect the public health. Courts and court operations are necessarily social operations, involving many people.

The need to protect the health of the public during a deadly pandemic outweighs the rights of Defendants and the public to a speedy trial. Moreover, there is a significantly reduced ability to obtain an adequate spectrum of jurors and available counsel, witnesses, and court personnel to be present in the courtroom for trial. Empaneling a jury, conducting a trial, and arranging jury deliberations, with due regard for health and safety, considering the broad spectrum of participants and their contacts outside the court, is not currently possible in the physical facilities available to the court for more than one trial at a time. Long exposure in confined spaces, which is inherent in trial, increases risk of infection. Video and audio conferencing, used for hearings, are not available for trials. Counsel's ability to adequately prepare for trial, including locating and consulting with witnesses, and defense counsel's ability to confer with Defendants, under these circumstances is also greatly reduced.

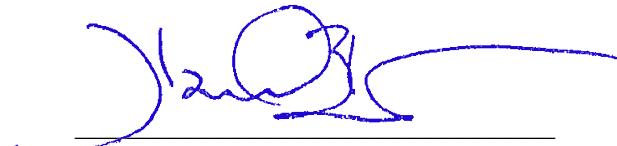
A failure to continue trial under these circumstances would result in a miscarriage of justice² and would deny counsel for the government and Defendants the reasonable time necessary for effective preparation, taking into account the exercise of due diligence.³ Therefore, the ends of justice served by such a continuance outweigh the best interests of the public and Defendants in a speedy trial.⁴ This continuance is not predicated on general congestion of the court's calendar or lack of diligent preparation by counsel.⁵

ORDER

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that the 5-day jury trial previously scheduled to begin on February 14, 2022 is continued to the 11th day of March, 2022 at 9:00 a.m. Accordingly, the time from the entry of General Order 20-009, March 16, 2020, and the new trial date is excluded from Defendants' speedy trial computation for good cause.

SO ORDERED this 13th day of January, 2022.

BY THE COURT:



David Barlow
United States District Judge

² 18 U.S.C. § 3161(h)(7)(B)(i).

³ *Id.* § 3161(h)(7)(B)(iv).

⁴ *Id.* § 3161(h)(7)(A).

⁵ *Id.* § 3161(h)(7)(C).